



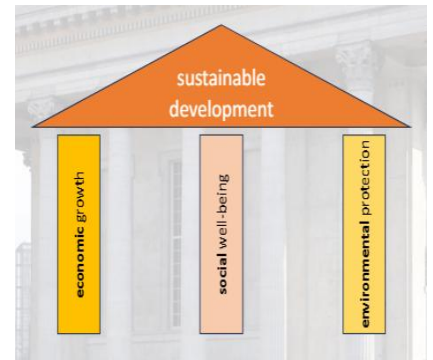
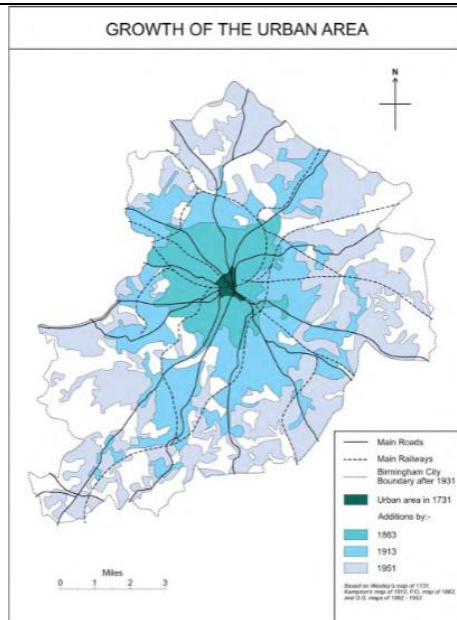
Birmingham is the second largest city in the UK, with a population of 1.14 million people (2021 Census).

Tier 3 Vocabulary	
settlement	a place where people live (hamlets, villages, towns, cities)
conurbation	a large settlement incorporating smaller settlements
industrialisation	a change from an agriculture-based economy to one which uses machines
filigree	a latticework (criss-crossing of lines)
redevelopment	replacing old roads and buildings with new ones

primary industry	extracts raw materials from the land, e.g. farming, fishing, mining
secondary industry	uses raw materials to manufacture new things, e.g. cars, food production
tertiary industry	provides a service, e.g. doctors, teachers, cinemas, hairdressers, banks. In 2022, 94% of people in Birmingham were employed in this industry.
sustainable development	meeting our present needs without negatively affecting people in the future



Industrialisation in Birmingham advanced rapidly due to the building of canals (a water channel that boats can travel through) in the late eighteenth century.



The three pillars of sustainable development.

Tourism (Y4), Climate change (Y6), Ethiopia (Y6)

Human geography relating to: population and urbanisation; and economic activity in the primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary sectors (KS3)